

Introduction to the Malnutrition Quality Improvement Initiative (MQii)

Overview

- The Case for Malnutrition Quality Improvement
- Background on the Malnutrition Quality Improvement Initiative (MQii)
- The MQii Learning Collaborative: Toolkit and eCQM Testing and Implementation





The Case for Malnutrition Quality Improvement

Malnutrition Is a Highly Prevalent Condition

Affects 20-50% of patients, who are at risk of becoming or are malnourished upon hospital admission^{1,2}



Is typically diagnosed in only 7% of hospitalized patients, leaving many potentially undiagnosed and untreated³



Up to 31% of malnourished patients and 38% of well-nourished patients experience nutritional decline during their hospital stay⁴



^{4.} Brauschweig C et al. Impact of declines in nutritional status on outcomes in adult patients hospitalized for more than 7 days. J Am Diet Assoc 2000; 100 (11): 1316-



Barker LA, Gout BS, and Crowe TC. Hospital malnutrition: prevalence, identification, and impact on patients and the healthcare system. Int J Environ Res and Public Health. 2011;8:514-527.

^{2.} Pereira GF, Bulik CM, Weaver MA, Holland WC, Platts-mills TF. Malnutrition among cognitively intact, noncritically ill older adults in the emergency department. Ann Emerg Med. 2015;65(1):85-91.

Weiss AJ, Fingar KR, Barrett ML, Elixhauser A, Steiner CA, Guenter P, Brown MH. Characteristics of hospital stays involving malnutrition, 2013. HCUP Statistical Brief #210. September 2016. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Rockville, MD. http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/reports/statbriefs/sb210-Malnutrition-Hospital-Stays-2013.pdf.

Malnutrition Poses a Significant Burden to Patients and Hospitals

Associated with an **up to 5x** higher likelihood

of in-hospital death compared
to non-malnourished patients¹

Associated with a

54% higher likelihood of
30-day readmissions, with
septicemia as the leading
diagnosis upon readmission³

Creates greater risk of hospitalacquired infections, falls, pressure ulcers, and slower wound healing²

More than doubles

average hospital costs per stay,¹ with readmissions costing

26-34% higher than those for patients without malnutrition³



Weiss AJ, Fingar KR, Barrett ML, Elixhauser A, Steiner CA, Guenter P, Brown MH. Characteristics of hospital stays involving malnutrition, 2013. HCUP Statistical Brief #210. September 2016. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Rockville, MD. http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/reports/statbriefs/sb210-Malnutrition-Hospital-Stays-2013.pdf.

Isabel M and Correia TD. The impact of malnutrition on morbidity, mortality, length of hospital stay and costs evaluated through a multivariate model analysis. Cli Nutr. 2003;22(3):235–239.

Fingar KR, et al. Statistical Brief #281: All-cause readmissions following hospital stays for patients with malnutrition, 2013. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project. September 2016.

Malnutrition Contributes to High Healthcare Costs

\$157 Billion

Morbidity, mortality, and direct medical costs associated with disease-related malnutrition

\$51.3 Billion

Annual costs of disease-associated malnutrition attributable to older adult patients



Addressing Malnutrition Can Improve Patient Outcomes and Lower Costs

RECENT STUDIES DEMONSTRATE THAT PROVIDING OPTIMAL MALNUTRITION CARE IS ASSOCIATED WITH IMPROVED OUTCOMES



Optimizing malnutrition care in an Accountable Care Organization (ACO) with multiple hospitals reduced readmission rates by 27%¹



Supporting early nutritional care can reduce pressure ulcer incidence, length of stay, 30-day readmissions, and costs of care²



Implementation of a nutrition-focused quality improvement program resulted in over \$4.8M in cost savings across four hospitals³



^{1.} Sriram K, Sulo S, VanDerBosch G, et al. A comprehensive nutrition-focused quality improvement program reduces 30-day readmissions and length of stay in hospitalized patients. JPEN J Parenter Enteral Nutr. 2017;41(3):384-391.

^{2.} Meehan A, Loose C, Bell J, Partridge J, Nelson J, Goates S. health system quality improvement: impact of prompt nutrition care on patient outcomes and health care costs. J Nurs Care Qual. 2016;31(3):217-23

^{3.} Sulo S, Feldstein J, Partridge J, et al. Budget impact of a comprehensive nutrition-focused quality improvement program for malnourished hospitalized patients. Am Health Drug Benefits. 2017;10(5):262-270.

Quality Malnutrition Care Can Help Hospitals Achieve National Quality Requirements

Optimal malnutrition care reduces adverse patient outcomes for which hospitals increasingly face penalties from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS):

Hospital
Readmissions
Reduction Program:
3% penalty

Hospital-Acquired
Conditions Reduction
Program:
1% penalty

Hospital Inpatient
Quality Reporting
Program:
1/4 reduction to
market basket update

Hospital Outpatient Reporting Program: 1/4 reduction to market basket update

Hospital Value-Based Purchasing Program: 2% penalty

Private payers have established similar efforts to incentivize better care and outcomes.





Background on the MQii

What is the MQii?

The Malnutrition Quality Improvement Initiative (MQii) is a project of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, Avalere Health, and other stakeholders who provided expert input through a collaborative partnership.

This initiative aims to advance evidence-based, high-quality and patient-driven care for hospitalized older adults who are malnourished or at-risk for malnutrition.

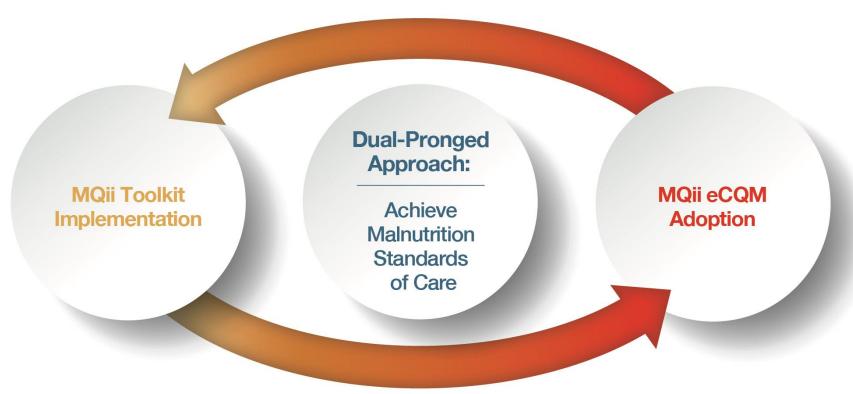
Overview of MQii Implementation:

2013-2014	2015	2016	2017 and beyond
Gap Analysis	Program Design	Pilot Testing	Expansion & Spread



The MQii Provides a Dual-Pronged Approach to Achieve Malnutrition Standards of Care

The MQii Toolkit provides practical resources to enable hospitals to achieve optimal nutrition standards of care



Data reported from eCQMs will help hospitals demonstrate their success in meeting optimal malnutrition standards of care



The Toolkit Offers Start-to-Finish Guidance for Your Entire Interdisciplinary Care Team

USE OF THE TOOLKIT WILL HELP YOU IDENTIFY AND ADDRESS OPPORTUNITIES FOR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

- Includes implementation resources:
 - Soliciting leadership buy-in
 - Identifying a quality improvement project based on your hospital's existing care practices
 - Understanding best practices for optimal malnutrition care
 - Using tools to support education and training
 - Tracking changes in care with data management information
- May potentially improve patient and economic outcomes of interest, such as readmissions and length of stay

Toolkit Components:

The Importance of Malnutrition Care

Assess Your Readiness

Identify Malnutrition QI Opportunities

Access the Toolkit

- Training Materials
- Clinical Workflow
- Best Practice Recommendations
- Data Collection Tools

Appendix: Principles and Models of Quality Improvement



MQii Tools Reflect Best Practices across the Malnutrition Care Continuum

MQii TOOLKIT AND eCQMs SPAN THE MALNUTRITION CARE WORKFLOW

Screening

Nutrition screening using a validated tool for all patients with a hospital admission

Assessment

Nutrition
assessment
using a
standardized tool
for all patients
identified as atrisk for
malnutrition

Diagnosis

Documentation of nutrition diagnosis for all patients identified as malnourished

Care Plan Development

Establishment of a nutrition care plan for all patients identified as malnourished or at-risk for malnutrition

Intervention Implementation*

Implementation of a nutrition care plan including treatment for all patients identified as malnourished or at-risk for malnutrition

Monitoring / Evaluation & Discharge Planning*

Implementation of processes, including discharge planning, that support ongoing monitoring and support the care of patients identified as malnourished or at-risk for malnutrition

Clinician Typically Responsible for Each Step

Nurse

- Dietitian
- Physician
- Dietitian
- Physician
- Dietitian
- Nurse

- Physician
- Dietitian
- Nurse

- Physician
- Dietitian
- Nurse

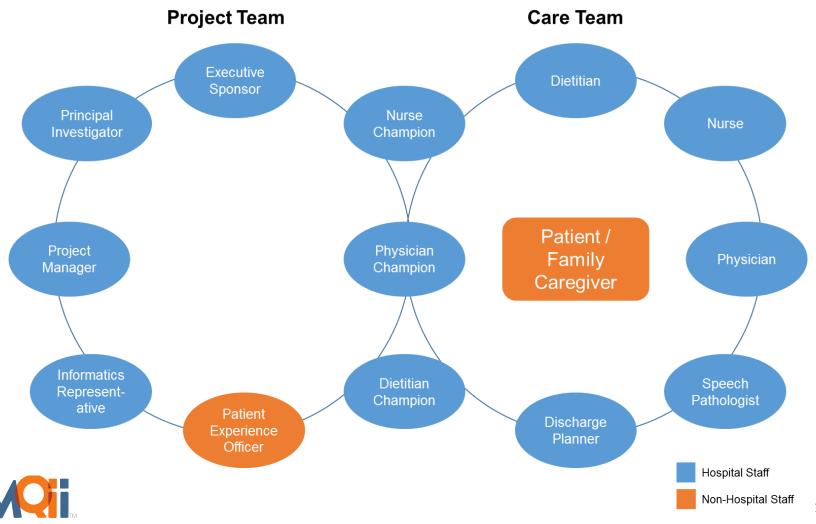




= Measure developed to address this step in the malnutrition care workflow

MQii Supports Establishment of Interdisciplinary Teams to Address Malnutrition Care Gaps

AN INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM, WITH PARTICIPATION BY PHYSICIANS, NURSES, AND DIETITIANS, IS VITAL TO HOSPITAL-BASED MALNUTRITION QUALITY IMPROVEMENT



Both Components of the Initiative are Grounded in Multi-Stakeholder Support

Advisory Committee

Toolkit design and implementation informed by representatives from:

- Joint Commission
- Clinical Professional Societies; RN, RD, MD
- Patient organizations
- Hospitals
- Industry

MQii Toolkit Development

Technical Expert Panel

Measure development informed by representatives from:

- Clinical Professional Societies;
 RDs
- Patient Advocacy Organizations
- · Hospitals and Health Systems
- EHRA Quality Measurement Workgroup
- Informatics Organizations

MQii eCQM Development

CMS

Approach informed by regular communication with CMS to ensure alignment with CMS quality goals and adoption of best practices for a quality improvement demonstration





The MQii Learning Collaborative: Toolkit and eCQM Testing and Implementation

Early Testing Results for the eCQMs and the Toolkit Were Positive

In 2016, a small MQii Learning Collaborative tested the eCQMs and Toolkit to assess their ability to be used in the clinical setting and their impact on care delivery; results demonstrated that there is wide variation in standard practices of malnutrition care, but targeted quality improvement efforts can affect change

eCQM Field Testing Results				
N/a a a	Hospital 1	Hospital 2		
Measure Tested	Performance Results (numerator/denominator and %-score)			
Screening	1949/2756	1218/1713		
(eCQM #1)	(70.7%)	(71.1%)		
Assessment	98/346	55/114		
(eCQM #2)	(28.3%)	(48.3%)		
Care Plan	27/32**	183/186		
(eCQM #3)	(84.4%)	(98.4%)		
Diagnosis	18/32**	55/186		
(eCQM #4)	(56.3%)	(29.6%)		

MQii Toolkit Testing Results				
Hospital 3				
Primary Outcome	Results			
Malnutrition knowledge in a multi-disciplinary care team following the Toolkit demonstration	14% increase from baseline			
Provider medical diagnosis of malnutrition when there was a dietitian diagnosis of malnutrition	11.5% increase from baseline			

Exploratory analysis of malnutrition quality improvement projects' impacts on length-ofstay and 30-day readmissions also showed positive results



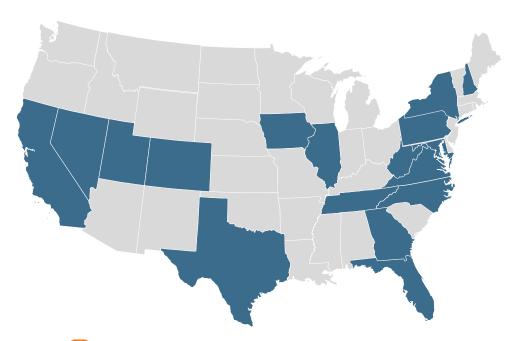
**Measure calculation is based off of a chart abstracted sample and not representative of the entire hospital's performance; the data required for full electronic report was not available in the format necessary to report a hospital-wide performance rate.

Nationwide Learning Collaborative Supports Expanded Use of MQii Toolkit and eCQMs

The MQii Learning Collaborative intends to implement MQii tools under real-world circumstances to generate evidence on malnutrition care best practices and encourage optimal malnutrition care across the U.S.

- In 2016, 6 hospitals participated in the MQii Learning Collaborative
- In 2017, 50 hospitals participated in the MQii Learning Collaborative

Distribution of Participating Sites

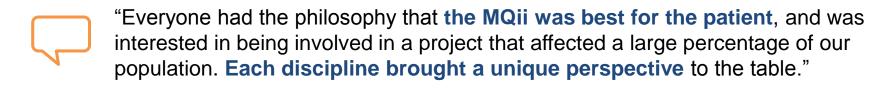


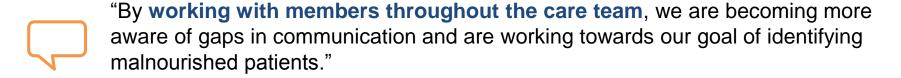
Participant Demographics

- Facility Type:
 - Short-term Acute Care: 64%
 - Academic Medical Center: 27%
 - Other: 9%
- Size:
 - Large: 45%
 - Medium: 33%
 - Small: 22%
- Geographic Distribution:
 - Urban: 87%
 - Rural: 13%
- EHR Platforms:
 - Epic: 67%
 - Cerner: 27%
 - Other (AllScripts, Meditech, etc.): 6%



Testimony from Participating Learning Collaborative Sites





"The MQii definitely **opened the door to resources** needed to help collect data as well as put improvement plans in place, whether it be with IT, nursing, medical staff, etc."

"It's just the **right thing to do**, for your staff, your organization and most importantly your patients and community."



MQii Continues to Expand to More Hospitals

The extension of the Learning Collaborative to a greater number of hospitals will continue to elevate malnutrition and disseminate use of the dual-pronged approach on a national scale





Opportunities to Engage in the MQii

If you are interested in learning more about the initiative or participating in the MQii Learning Collaborative, please contact the MQii team at malnutritionquality@avalere.com

Note: There are no fees to participate in the Learning Collaborative, and all materials will be provided free of charge

To learn more about the MQii Toolkit and eCQMs, visit www.MQii.today

